Uhing Lineartriebe® Uhing Linear Drives®



Rollringgetriebe Rolling Ring Drives



Zubehör Accessories



Wälzmutter Linear Drive Nut



Zahnriemenantriebe Timing Belt Drive



Klemm- und Spannelemente Clamping Systems



Uhing Measuring System®



Uhing Motion Drive®



Uhing Modular Winder®



Joachim Uhing GmbH & Co. KG - the originator of the Rolling Ring Principle - successful since 1950. Our worldwide network of agencies guarantees a reliable service on the spot.

More about us at: www.uhing.com

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Uhing - Linear Drive Nut

The Actuator for:

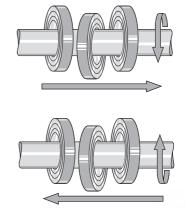
- Linear motion drives
- Measurement and inspection technology
- Materials handling systems Control systems
- Medical engineering

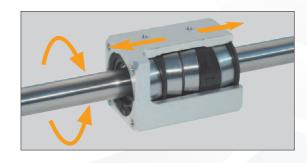


Uhing-Linear Drive Nuts (RS) are non-positive drives which convert the rotation of a plain round shaft into linear motion.

Principle of operation

The effect is achieved by pressing specially crowned Rolling Rings against the shaft and allowing them to roll on the surface of the shaft at an angle which determins their pitch.





Linear Drive Nut RS

Applicational areas



With permission of Zeiss



With permission of DMG Microset GmbH



With permission of Zoller



free-movement lever



linked nuts



left- and right hand pitch



High-efficiency Quiet in operation

Backlash-free

Compact design

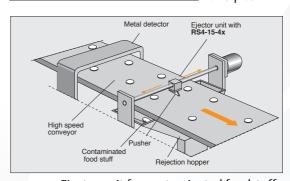
Characteristics

- Low maintenance
- Free-movement lever
- Good sealing possibilities

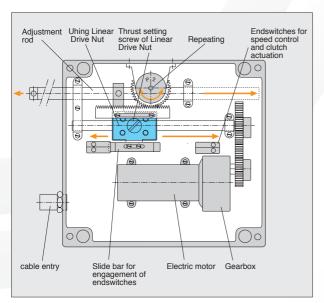
Resistant to vibrations

Overload protection

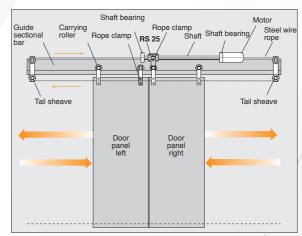
- Linked nuts for higher side thrust
- Left- and right-hand pitch on the same shaft



Ejector unit for contaminated foodstuffs



Setting unit for speed control of ship motors



Drive for double sliding doors

Linear Drive Nut RS 3

Dimensions and technical details

Uhing-Linear Drive Nut Types RS



Dimensions for RS-Types (mm)

		•	,																
	weigh	t													Te	Technical details			
Types	m (kg)	a*	a ₁ *	b	C	$d_{^{h6}} \\$	e	f	g	h ^{±0,3} **	i	k	1	q	F _{rs} (N)	M₀(Ncm)	$h_{\text{max}}(mm)$		
RS3-08-4	0.09	40	54	30	30	8	26	16	M 4	15	М3	24	6	5	50	0.7	4.0		
RS4-08-4	0.11	48	62	30	30	8	26	16	M 4	15	M 3	24	6	5	100	1.4	4.0		
RS3-10-4	0.14	47	65	35	35	10	30	18	M 4	16.8	M 3	26	6	5	100	1.8	5.0		
RS4-10-4	0.18	55	73	35	35	10	30	18	M 4	16.8	M 3	26	6	5	200	5.0	5.0		
RS4-15-4	0.23	62	82	40	40	15	26	18	M 4	19.6	M 4	30	8	5	260	5.0	7.5		
RS4-20-4	0.55	83	108	52	52	20	40	30	M 5	26	M 5	40	11	8	420	10.0	10.0		
RS4-25-4	0.70	85	110	60	60	25	40	30	M 5	29.4	M 5	45	10	9	600	20.0	12.5		
RS4-35-4	1.55	105	126	80	80	35	50	40	M 6	40	M 6	60	12	13	900	45.0	17.5		
RS4-50-3	2.70	120	140	100	100	50	50	50	M 8	48.8	-	-	-	16	1300	140.0	25.0		
RS4-60-3	4.20	130	156	120	120	60	69	62	M10	58.4	-	-	-	15	2000	200.0	30.0		

Heavy Print: standard versions

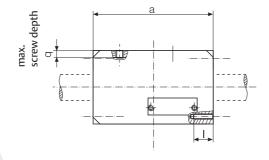
Attention:

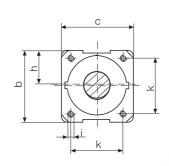
- *If wipers are used, dimension a becomes a₁.

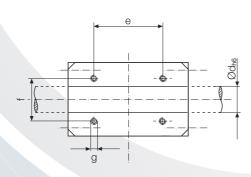
 **Valid only for standard pitch 0,5 x d.

 If pitches less than standard the value decreases.

 $\begin{array}{ll} F_{\rm RS}\left(N\right) &= \text{Maximum available side thrust} \\ M_0\left(Ncm\right) &= \text{Idling torque} \\ h_{\rm max}\left(mm\right) &= \text{Maximum pitch} \end{array}$







The CAD - drawing files are available at www.uhing.com

Features

Product Survey and Ordering Information



Free-Movement Lever

F Mechanical

when operated, the nut can be slide freely along the shaft



P Pneumatic

as above, operated with a pressure of p = 6 bar

Attention: Units supplied with P have a reduced thrust.
Refer to supplier for details



Adapter

for twist free coupling system



Wipers

for sealing between nut and shaft



Attention: For units with wipers please note dimension a_1 on page 4.

R Steady Rollers

Rolls on Linear Drive Nut (in conjunction with a guide bar) prevent the rotation of the nut on the shaft. **Not available for RS-08**



Material

Al housing, silver anodized

Details of other types upon request.

Product Survey

Product Group	Uhing Linear Drive Nut										
Type Reference			RS								
Style Number of rolling rings	3	o. 4	3 or 4								
Size Shaft diameter	8 10		15	20	25	35	50	60			
Design Category	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	3			
Pitch direction	L (= left), R (= right						t)				
Pitch	0,1 · 0,2 · 0,3 · 0,4 · 0,5 x sha					aft Ø					
Available Features ¹	F,	P, R									
Customer Specific											
Features ²	Х										

Heavy print: standard versions

1) Available features

F Free movement lever (mechanical)

P Free movement lever (pneumatical)

R Steady Rollers

²) Customer specific features

- Adapter - Increased protection

- Wipers against corrosion

- Felt rings - Specific pitch

- Grease nipples

- Reduced side thrust

Example of Ordering specifications

Type reference	RS	4	-	25	-	4	R	12	,5	P	X	
Style		•										
Size (shaft dia.) Separator symbols				•								
Design category						•						
Pitch direction							•					
Pitch												<u> </u>
Available features										•		
Customer specific features											•	

Selection

If you wish Joachim Uhing GmbH & Co. KG to make a selection for you in respect of your application, please contact us.

Formulae and related units

d(mm)	= shaft diameter
F(N)	side thrust required

F_R(N) = friction (FN ·
$$\mu$$
) only relevant when the the associated mass is mounted on

its own independent carriage
$$F_N(N)$$
 = normal force of total weight of asso-

(9,81m/sec²). Note: for horizontal applications
$$m \cdot q = 0$$

1. Side Thrust

$$F=2\left(\frac{m\cdot v}{t}+m\cdot g\right)+F_R+F_Z$$

A Drive Nut should be selected which has a greater side thrust than the value calculated.

$$F < F_{RS}$$

Several smaller Drive Nuts can be coupled together if available space so dictates. The total thrust available is the sum of the individual values.

Shaft Speed

$$n = \frac{v \cdot 6 \cdot 10^4}{h_{max}}$$

2.1. Max. Shaft Speed

2.2. Critical Shaft Speed

$$n_{crit} = 1,225 \cdot 10^8 \frac{d}{l^2}$$

Note:

Depending upon its quality, the shaft can go out of balance at a speed of up to 25 % lower than that specified above.

If it is necessary to go through a critical range in order to reach the operational speed, this can lead to short term shaft vibration. This has no effect on the operation of the Drive Nut.

If the operational speed is in the critical speed range, this can be rectified as follows:

1. With a double bearing support at one end:

Increase factor approx. 1,5.

2. With double bearing supports at both ends: Increase factor approx. 2,2.

The distance between the bearing support brackets should be at least 2.5 x the diameter of the shaft.

sag f

Fig. 1

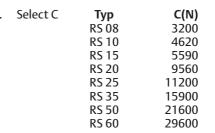
3. Drive Torque

$$Md = \frac{F_{RS} \cdot h}{20 \cdot \pi} + M_0$$

Values for Mo to be taken from the technical detail tables.

4. Shaft Sag see Diagram Fig.1

Calculation of the operational life of Uhing **Rolling Rings**



Calculate PR

All RS3-types: Pr = 5. Frs* All RS4-types: Pr = 2,5 · Frs* *F = calculated value of the side thrust according to 2.1 and 2.2 only if increasing of operational life time of the Rolling Rings is really necessary. In case of order it is an absolute must to mention.

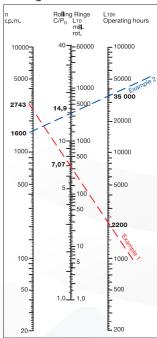
Divide C by PR

Calculate the required shaft speed

$$n = \frac{v \cdot 6 \cdot 10^4}{h_{max}}$$

Determine the operational life in hours from the nomogram.

Nomogram



Length of shaft (mm)

Example 1 Example 2 RS4-35-4R17,5 RS4-15-4R7,5 Speed 0,2 m/sec. Speed 0,8 m/sec. reduced side thrust 150 N **1.** C = 15.900 C = 5590**2.** $P_R = 2.5 \cdot 900 \text{ N} = 2.250 \text{ N}$ $P_R = 2.5 \cdot 150 \text{ N} = 375 \text{ N}$ $\frac{C}{PR} = \frac{5.590}{375} = 14,9$ $=\frac{15.900}{2.250}=7,07$ 2.250 **4.** $n = \frac{0.8 \cdot 6 \cdot 10^4}{13.5} = 2.743 \text{ rpm}$ $n = \frac{0.2 \cdot 6 \cdot 10^4}{3.5} = 1.600 \text{ rpm}$ 17,5 7,5 5. L10h = 2.200 $L_{10h} = 35.000$

Operational Guide

Hours of operation

1. Shaft material

1.1. Basic requirements

Uhing Linear Drives should only be used in conjunction with steel shafts manufactured from induction surface hardened, ground and finished bar of the following quality, minimum:

Hours of operation

- surface hardness: 50 HRC
- tolerance on diameter: h6
- out of roundness: maximum one half of the diameter variation permitted by ISO tolerance h6
- true running tolerance (DIN ISO 1101): ≤0,1 mm/m

1.2. Uhing Precision Shaft

Standard:Material Cf 53, Mat.-Nr. 1.1213, induction surface hardened, 60-64 HRC

Rust resistant:

Material X 40 Cr 13, Mat.-Nr. 1.4034, induction surface hardened, 51-55 HRC

Rust and acid resistant:

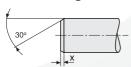
Material X 90 CrMoV 18, Mat.-Nr. 1.4112, induction surface hardened, 52-56 HRC

- all ground and superfinished
- surface roughness: mean value (DIN 4768 T.1) R₁:≤ 0.35 μm
- tolerance on diameter: h6
- out of roundness: maximum one half of the dia meter variation permitted by ISO tolerance h6
- true running tolerance(DIN ISO 1101): ≤0.1 mm/m

1.3. Uhing Precision Shafts with Enhanced True Running Tolerance

Available in the above styles, but true running tolerance (DIN ISO 1101): ≤0.03 mm/m

1.4. Leading end chamfer



The leading end of the shaft should be chamfered to avoid damage to the Rolling Rings when screwing the unit on to the shaft.

X = depends upon type

2. Pitch

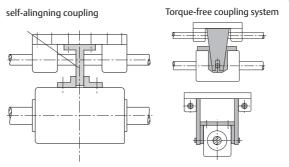
The standard pitch is 0,5 x d. This can be ordered for RS as either a right- or a left-handed pitch.

Unless otherwise specified, units having a right-handed pitch will be supplied. For RS subsequent alterations to the pitch are possible with units having a design category -4 reference by changing the associated pitch control wedges.

Non-standard pitches 0,1 - 0,2 - 0,3 and $0,4 \times d$ are avail-able. In this version reduction of the side thrust is recommended to improve the smooth running.

3. Separately carried loads

If Uhing Linear Drive Nuts are used to move separately carried loads, allowance should be made in the coupling to compensate for any misalignment between the drive shaft and the carriage. The available side thrust will otherwise be affected. If the application so permits, we recommend the use of our twist-free coupling system.



4. Vertical applications

For vertical applications we advise the use of a directly braked motor so as to avoid the possibility of the shaft rotating backwards and the Drive Nut falling due to the high efficiency of the drive. Depending upon the application (safety considerations and value of the installation) a reserve of side thrust should be built in (using a second Drive Nut).

With units having a free-movement lever, care must be taken before its operation to ensure that they are unable to drop in an uncontrolled manner - danger of injury!

5. Temperature range

Uhing Linear Drive Nuts are suitable for operation at temperatures from -10°C to +50°C.

Please enquire for other temperatures.

6. Maintenance

For the lubrication of the shaft, commercially available **MoS2-free ballbearing greases** can be used, e. g. SKF Alfalub LGMT2, Shell Alvania R2 or G2, Esso Beacon 2, BP Energrease LS2.

Procedure: Clean the shaft and spread the grease as thinly as possible with a raq.

Frequency: Once every ten weeks.

7. Symmetry

The maximum difference in pitch for the two directions of travel is 2 %. We therefore recommend the use of positional sensors for positioning applications.

We reserve the right to make technical alterations.

For further information please refer to our Operating Instructions, available on request or in the internet as download:

www.uhing.com



7 Linear Drive Nut RS



Worldwide

The addresses of our agencies are available in the internet: www.uhing.com

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